# Restricted Funds Management: A Self-Assessment Checklist for Nonprofits

1. Documentation of Donor Intent	
	We collect written documentation (gift agreements, letters, or check memos)
	for every restricted gift.
	Restricted gifts are entered into the accounting system, with the proper
	restrictions at the time the gift is received.
	Acknowledgment letters confirm the donor's intent and restrictions.
2. Accounting & Tracking Systems	
	We use fund accounting software to track restricted vs. unrestricted funds.
	All restricted funds have unique codes or designations for easy tracking.
	Balances are reported monthly so that budget managers are aware of how
	much restricted funding remains for individual restricted purposes.
3. Spending & Reporting	
	Program staff receive regular reports showing available restricted funds.
	Expenses charged to restricted funds are reviewed and approved for
	alignment with donor intent and mission.
4. Oversight & Internal Controls	
	Finance, development, and program staff are trained on how restricted funds
	should be managed.
	There is a clear review/approval workflow for expenses tied to restricted funds.
	The board receives regular updates on restricted fund balances and usage.



## Restricted Funds Management Grading System

- **Step 1:** Count how many boxes you checked on the checklist.
- **Step 2:** Use the guide below to assess your organization's current practices:

#### 8-11 checks: Excellent (A)

- Your organization has strong policies, processes, and systems in place.
- You are likely audit-ready and well-positioned to build donor trust.
- Focus on refinement and maintaining consistency.

#### 4-7 checks: Good (B)

- You have many practices in place but may lack consistency.
- Some areas (documentation, reconciliations, or communication with donors)
  need tightening.
- Prioritize filling gaps before they create risk.

#### 1-3 checks: Needs Improvement (C)

- Gaps in fund management could lead to audit findings, compliance issues,
  or loss of donor confidence.
- Strengthen documentation and reporting processes as a first step.
- Consider outside support to build a stronger framework.

### 0 checks: High Risk (D/F)

- Your organization is at serious risk of mismanaging restricted funds.
- Audit adjustments, donor dissatisfaction, or even legal/IRS issues could arise.
- Immediate action is recommended—start with basic documentation, fund coding, and reconciliation practices.